

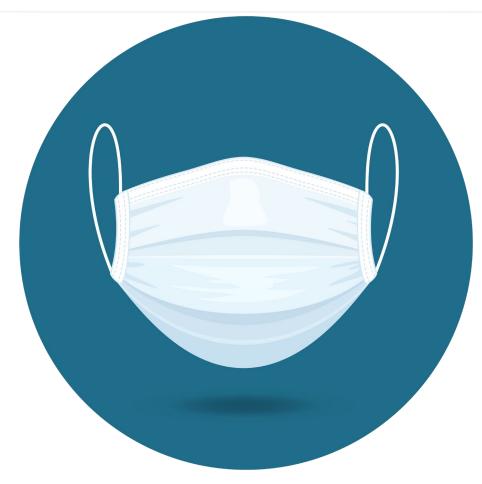
Intermediate

Last Planner System® Practical Application



Health precautions to keep everyone as safe as possible at Congress:

- Wear masks at all times in indoor events.
- Complete your daily health screening on your phone and bring it with you when you enter the center each day.
- Practice social distancing to the extent possible.
 Seating at plenary sessions is structured to help with this.
- If you feel ill at any time, please leave the conference and return to your room/consult a physician as necessary.
- Ultimately, our collective health and safety at Congress is up to all of us. Thanks for your support!





"LCI would like to acknowledge and thank the work cluster for their leadership, work and collaboration to create this workshop. Learning opportunities like this exist because people like them engage to -Kristin Hill, LCI, Director, Education Programs

Christian Pikel, The ReAlignment Group
Eric Lusis, Lynx Lean Services
Houston Brown, Brasfield & Gorrie Constructors
Rebecca Snelling, JE Dunn Construction
Ryan Ring, JE Dunn Construction
Perry Thompson, Parsons Electric



LCI Course: Intermediate Last Planner System® Practical Application 8 CEU

Sign the sign-in sheet for credit



Learning Objectives



5



Identify the essential foundational principles of each of the 5 connected conversations of LPS.



Engage in all of the connected conversations of LPS® from Milestone Planning to daily interaction through practical application.



Experience the process of constraint management to improve project workflow.



Gain practical insight to effectively use Percent Plan Complete (PPC) and variance to improve reliable project plan execution.

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Rules of Engagement



This is a safe zone



Everyone has equal status



Speak up and share your ideas



Actively listen to others



One conversation at a time



Use E.L.M.O.



Silence phones



Be focused and engaged



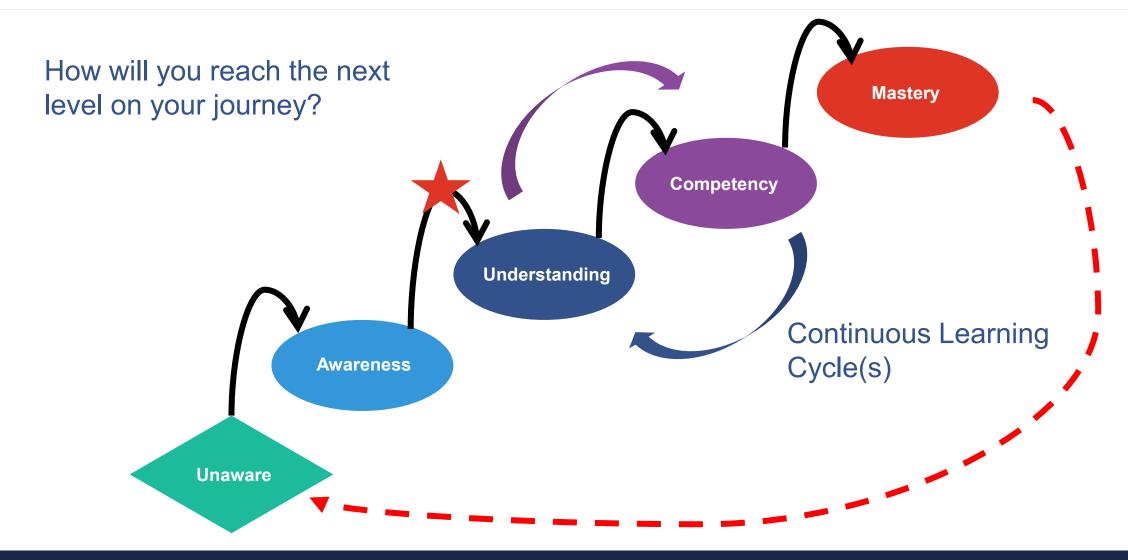
Stay on time



Have fun!

Lean Journey to Mastery



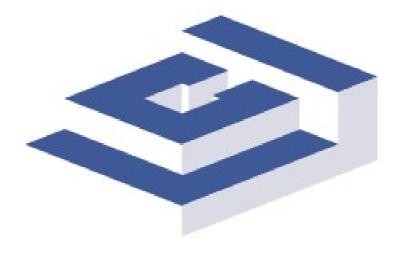


Last Planner System Trademark



The Last Planner System® is a registered trademark of the Lean Construction Institute:

- Last Planner System®
- LPS®
- Last Planner® (In reference to the person not the system)



Definitions



Lean:

A culture of respect and continuous improvement aimed at creating more *value for the customer* while identifying and eliminating waste.

Lean Project Delivery System:

An organized implementation of Lean Principles and Tools, of which LPS is one, combined to allow a team to operate in unison to create flow.



Six Tenets of Lean and LPS



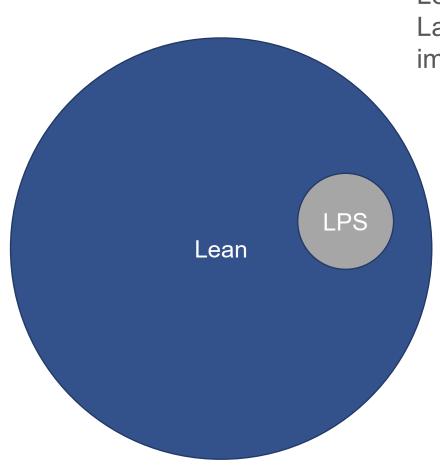
- Respect for people
- 2 Optimize the Whole
- 3 Generate Value
- 4 Eliminate Waste
- Focus on Flow
- 6 Continuous Improvement



Where Can LPS Be Applied?



The Last Planner System supports a Lean Project regardless of the contract type or phase.

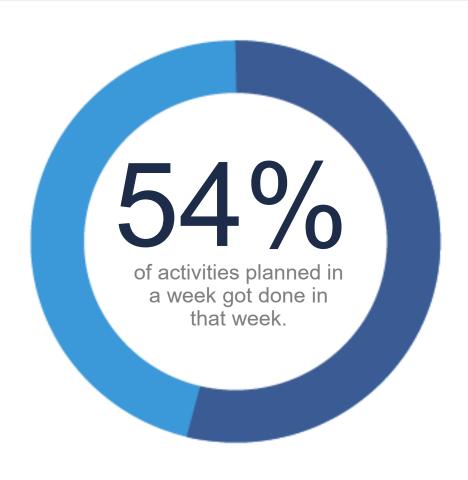


Lean is much more than just Last Planner System implementation.

Brief History of LPS







Why Status Quo Isn't Working



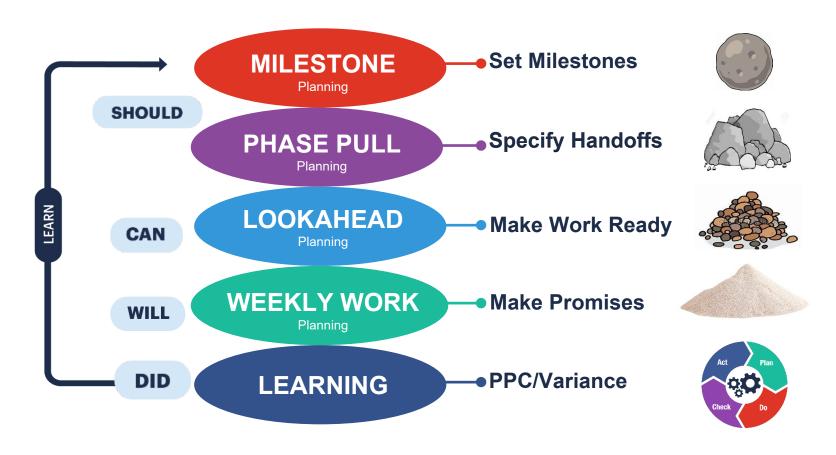
- 1. Traditional planning systems are unable to produce a predictable workflow.
- 2. Workflow reliability directly affects system speed and cost.
- 3. All plans are forecasts, all forecasts are wrong.
 - The further in advance, the more wrong.
 - The more detail, the more wrong.



Last Planner System Overview



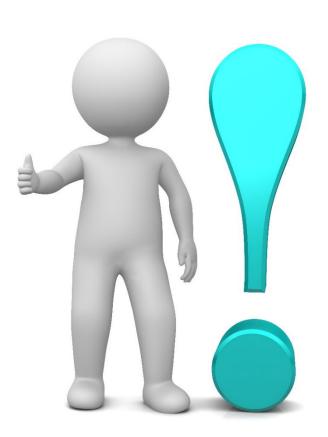
5 Connected Conversations



Benefits



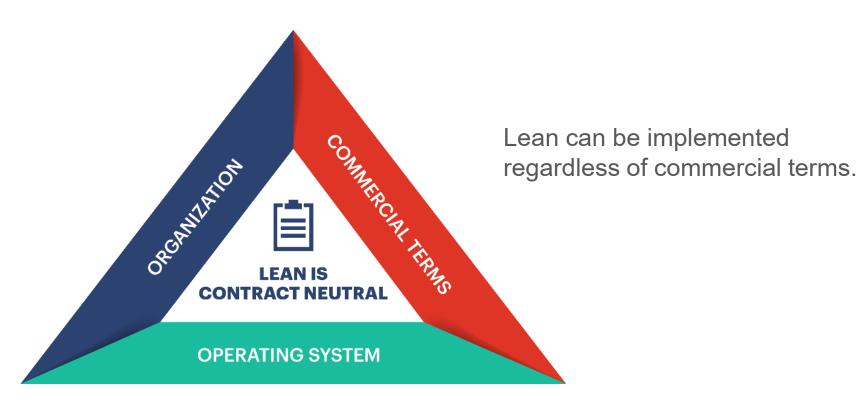
- 1. Improves communication & reliability.
- 2. Fosters an enjoyable environment, trust, and collaboration.
- 3. Promotes early stakeholder engagement.
- 4. Improves visibility of the project plan (transparency).
- 5. Creates team alignment.
- 6. Rapid learning through metrics, revealing areas for improvement.
- 7. Improves planning in both design & construction phases.



Project Elements



Lean teams organize in a structure that leads to improved outcomes.



A Lean Operating System is an organized implementation of Lean Principles and Practices combined to allow the People to operate in unison to create flow.

Last Planner System Defined



The Last Planner System is a production planning system designed to produce predictable workflow and rapid learning in programming, design, construction and commissioning of projects.



System Defined



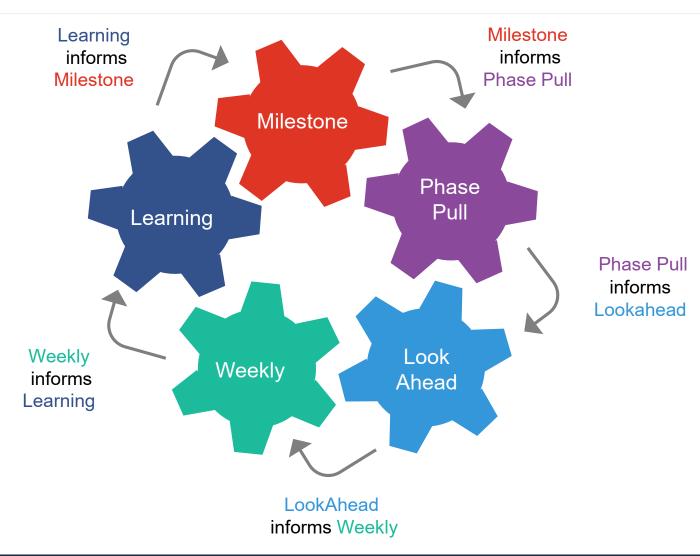


A system is a group of interacting or interrelated entities that form a unified whole.



System for Planning





Who Is The Last Planner®?



The Last Planner® is the person closest to work with the authority to make decisions regarding the schedule and to make reliable commitments to complete the work of their discipline.

Last Planners®



Discussion Question: Group



What struggles have you observed with different roles while implementing LPS?

Group Discussion 10 minutes



Consider the Project As A Promise



- All groups can be viewed as operating as a network of promises or commitments, whether done well or poorly.
- The goal is *improving the quality* of commitments and to *actively take responsibility* for managing them.
- LPS is a planning system based on developing a network of promises, then delivering on the commitments.



Elements Of A Promise

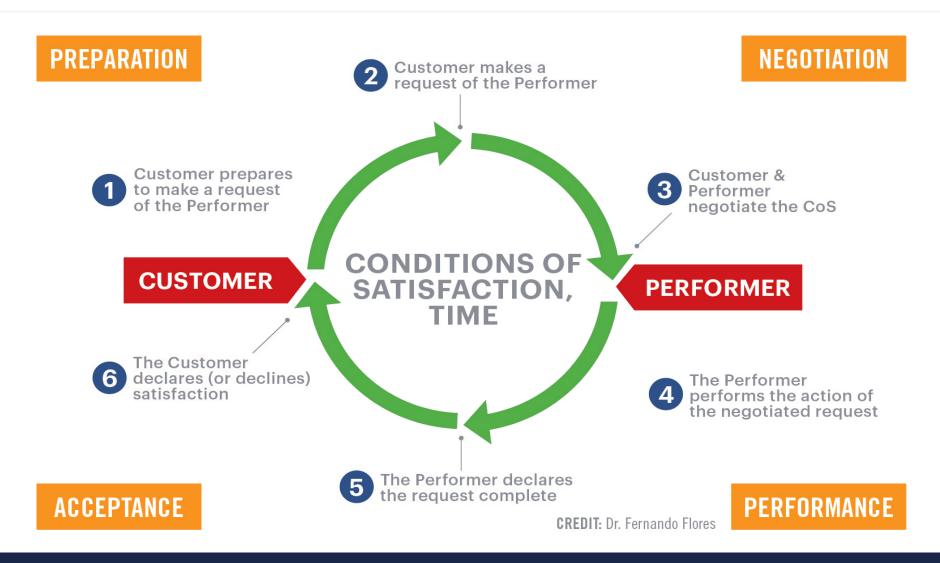


- The Customer: The person making the request.
- The Performer: The person fulfilling the request.
- Negotiated Conditions of Satisfaction (CoS):
 - Are part of the language act of making a promise.
 - Are developed by the people involved in the request and promise.
 - Are mutually agreed to, measurable statements, that help to define the success of the project.
 - Inform the decision-making process.
 - Include a time frame.



Basic Action Workflow Of A Promise





Reliable Promises



I can do it when...

- I have the ability to say "no"
- I am able to perform the work
 - Or I supervise performers
- I estimate how long hands-on it will take
- I have the capacity & I'll allocate it
- I am not having a private unspoken conversation in conflict with the promise
- I will be responsible (clean up the mess)

Commitment processes are conversation acts

Reliable Promising



Which of these are promises?

- I will do...
- Maybe I will...
- I'll try, we'll see what happens...
- Yes, I will do... if...
- I could probably do it
- No, I cannot do it
- Sure, I'll try to do...

& which of these are useful?

Reliable Promising



Which of these are promises?

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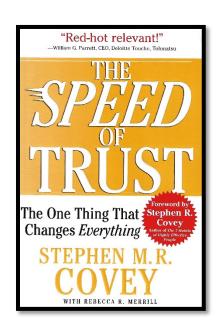


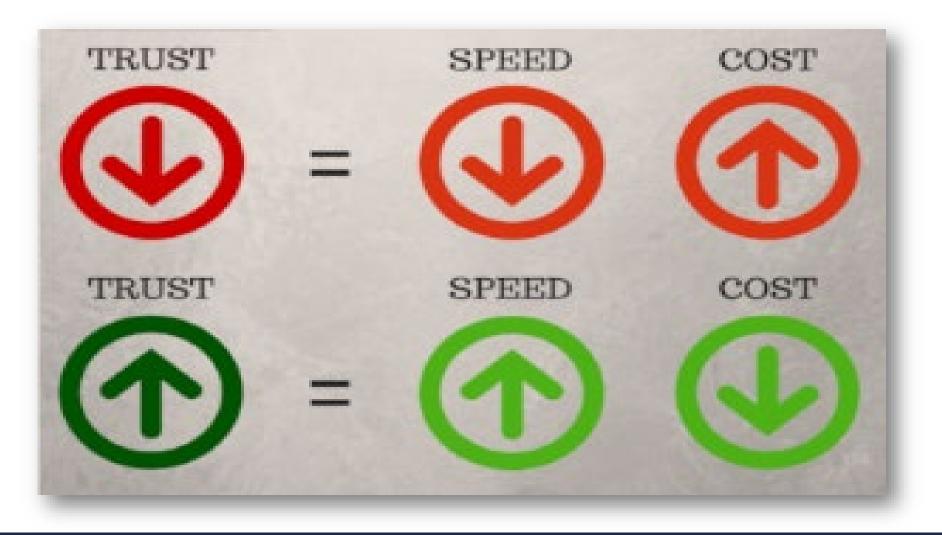
Reliable Commitments = Increase Trust



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Speed of Trust Formula





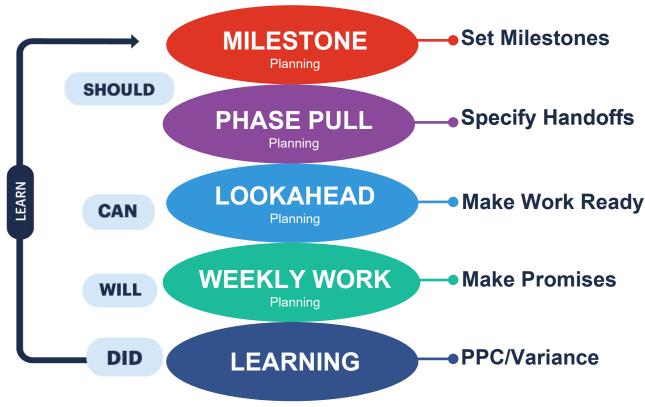
5 Connected Conversations Of LPS



The LPS is a commitment-based system integrating 5 connected planning conversations:

- 1. Milestone Planning (Should)
- 2. Phase Pull Planning (Should)
- 3. Lookahead Planning (Can)
- 4. Weekly Work Planning (Will)
- 5. Learning (Did/Learn)

5 Connected Conversations



Last Planner System Overview

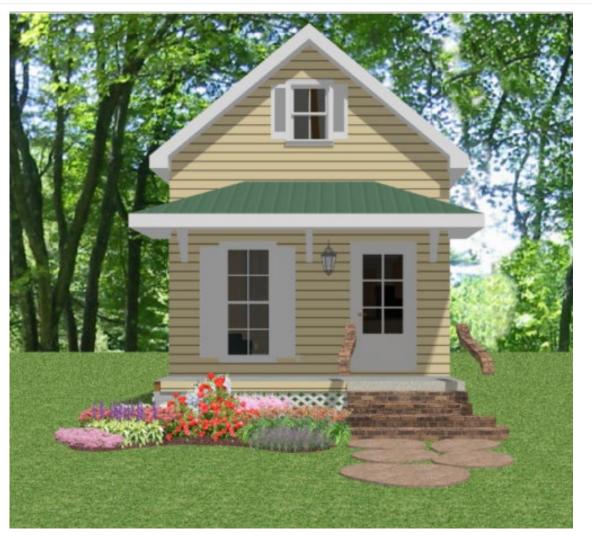




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The Project – Tiny Home Development

For the remainder of this workshop, we will be using a *fictitious project* to practice application of each conversation in Last Planner System.



The Project – Tiny Home



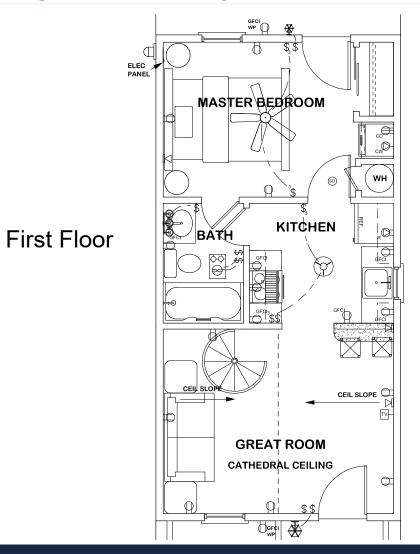


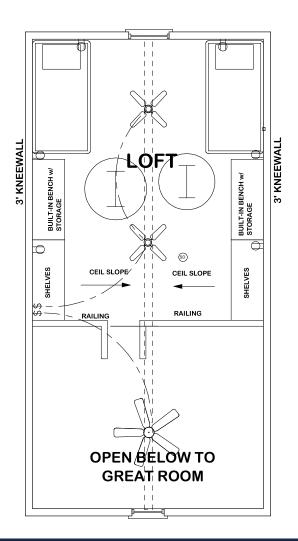


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The Project – Tiny Home





Loft

Home Specifications

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Immersive Education Program

- 1 bedroom and 1 bath, as well as a sleeping loft.
- 8'-0" ceilings on first floor and cathedral ceiling in the loft, rising from a 3' knee wall.
- The house is 15'-0" wide and 30'-0" deep (+6' rear deck and 4' front porch)
- Gable metal roof with a main roof pitch of 10:12 and a hip roof over porch with a pitch of 6:12.
- Vinyl or hardi plank siding.
- Plan comes with pier and beam foundation.
- Square Footage:
- First Floor: 450
- Loft: 270
- Total Heated Living: 720
- Porch: 60
- Total Area Under Beam: 780

- Prefabricated steel spiral staircase.
- Dual zone split system heat pump HVAC with ductless cassette indoor units and pumped condensate drain.
- Kitchen & Bath Exhaust with through wall vents.
- · Finishes:
 - Wood Plank Vinyl Flooring.
 - · LED Lighting.
 - Energy Start & Low Consumption fixtures/appliances.
- Low-E Glazing.



Milestone Planning

The first conversation of LPS is *Milestone Planning*.

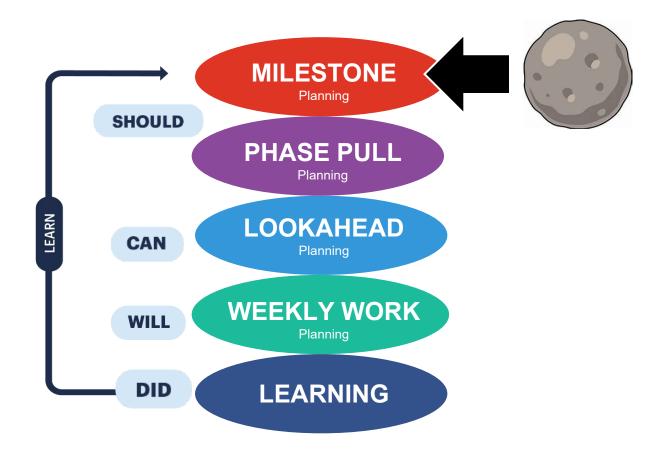
Milestone Planning



The goal of Milestone Planning is for the team to align with and set the milestones for the project.

This starts the we "should" be able to do conversation.

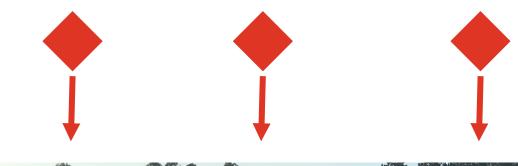
5 Connected Conversations



Milestone Definition

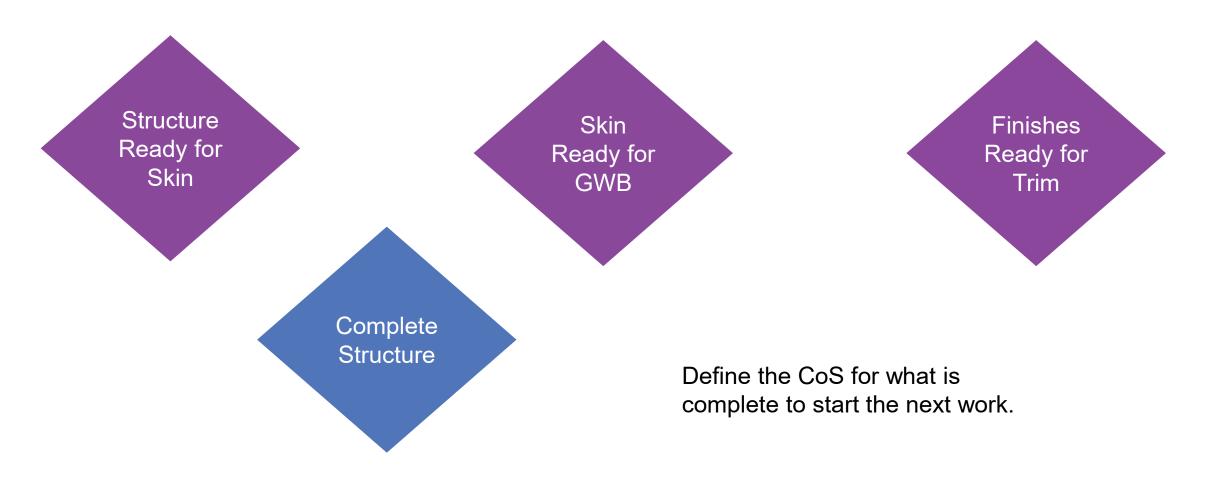
Project Milestones are a significant event which *releases* work in another major phase or trade.

Milestones should be *broken down* by each trade for their interim milestones to support the project requirements.





Milestone Examples



Milestone Planning: WHY

Teams that skip Milestone Planning/Alignment risk:

- Disconnect in the LPS Conversations.
- Misaligned prioritization of work.
- Delivering too large a batch for milestone completion versus just what is required to release the next phase/trade.
- Loss of visual management control of overall project road map.



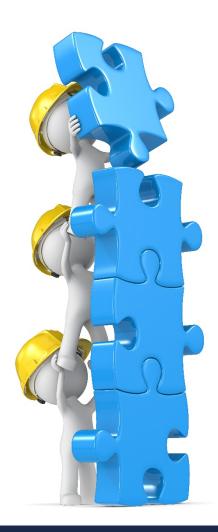
Milestone Planning: WHEN

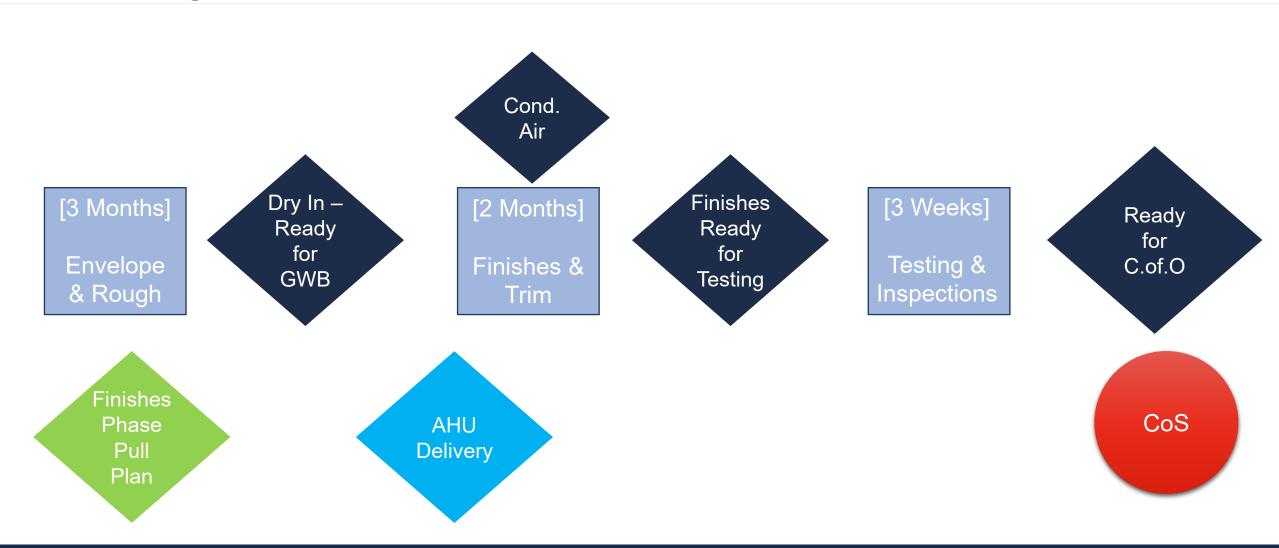
- As early in the project as possible.
- Can be done even before we know the building design.
- Should form the basis of continuing *onboarding* as trades engage in the project.
- Should set the schedule for Phase Pull Planning events.
- May be conceptual early on to provide a framework.

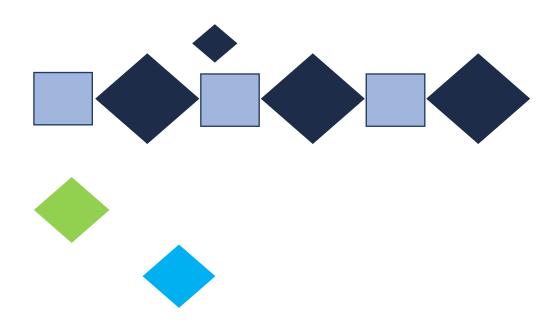


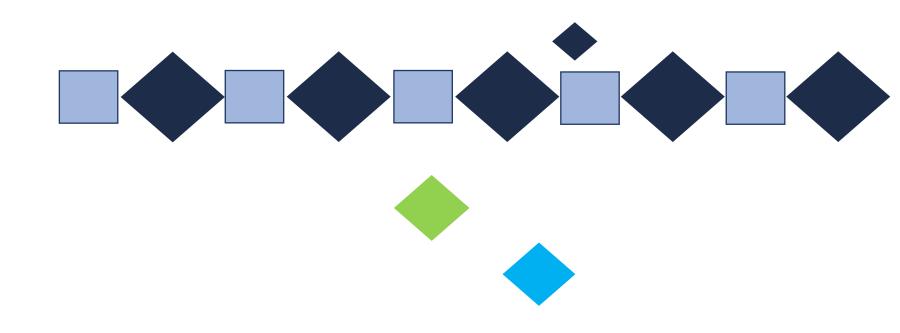
Milestone CoS: "Definition of Done"

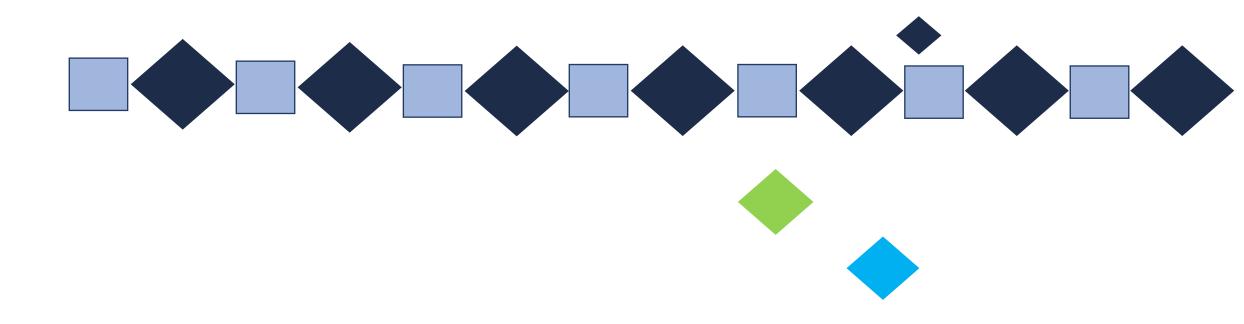
- Team aligns on a clear description of the work included in the milestone by each trade.
- What is essential to satisfy the pull of the released phase.
- High level, don't get bogged down in minute activities.



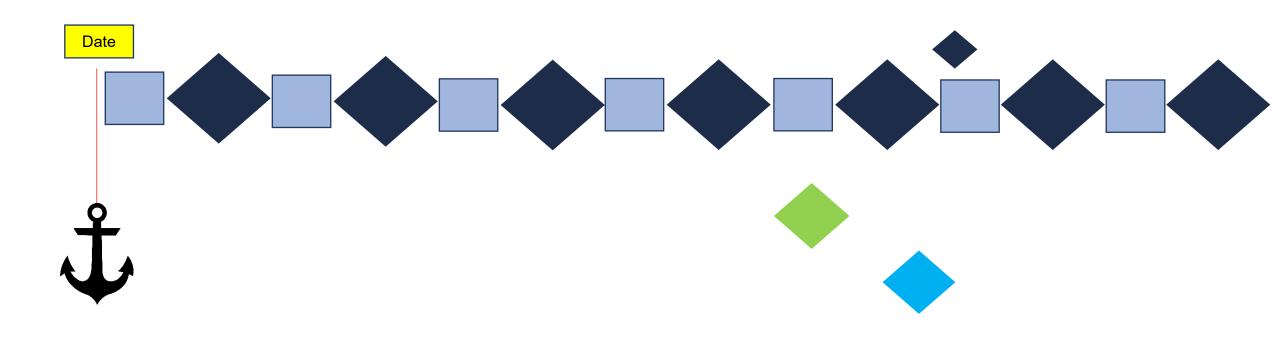




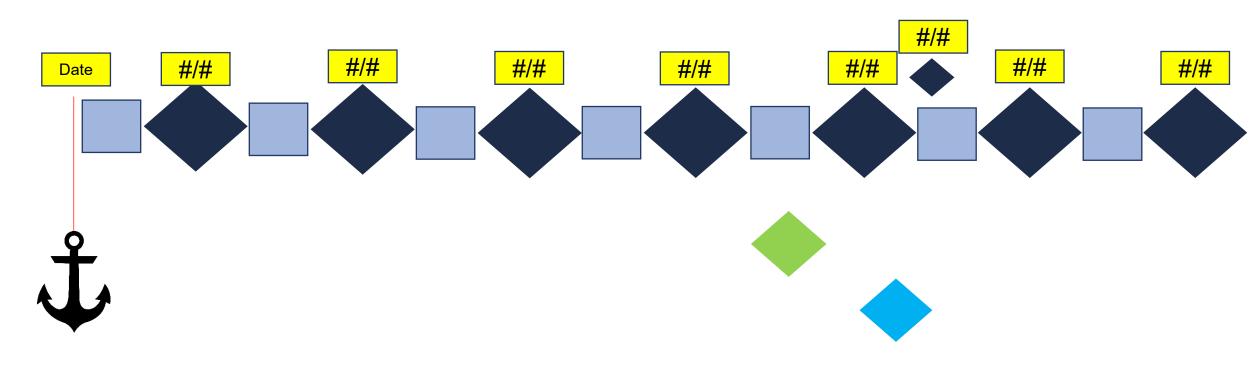




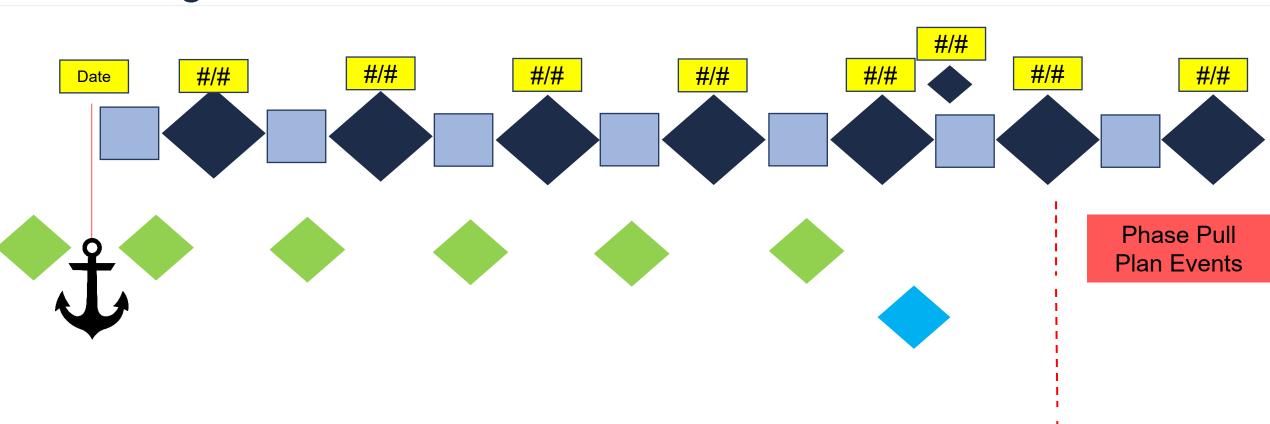


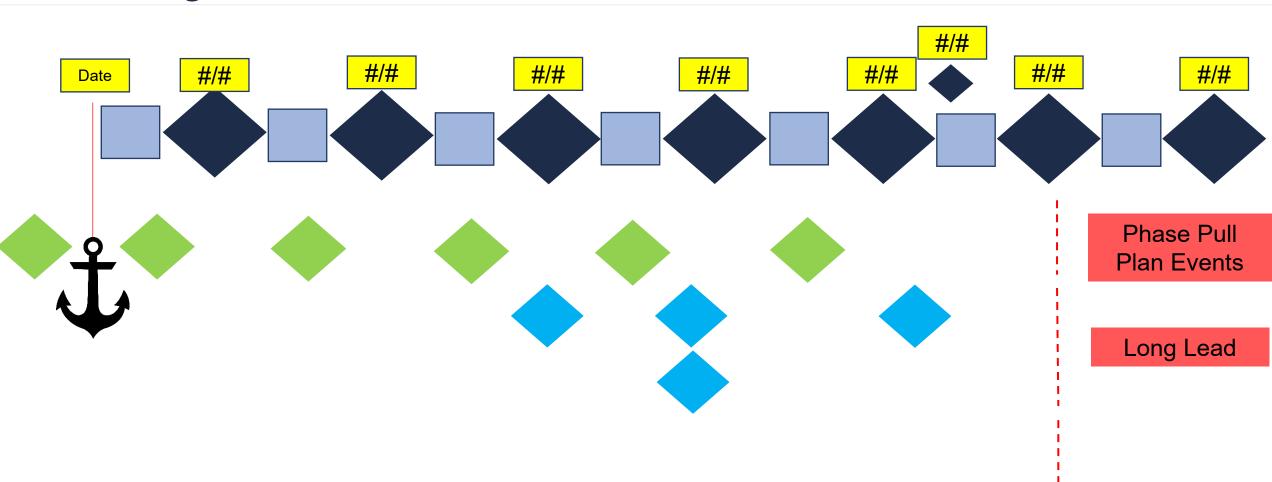


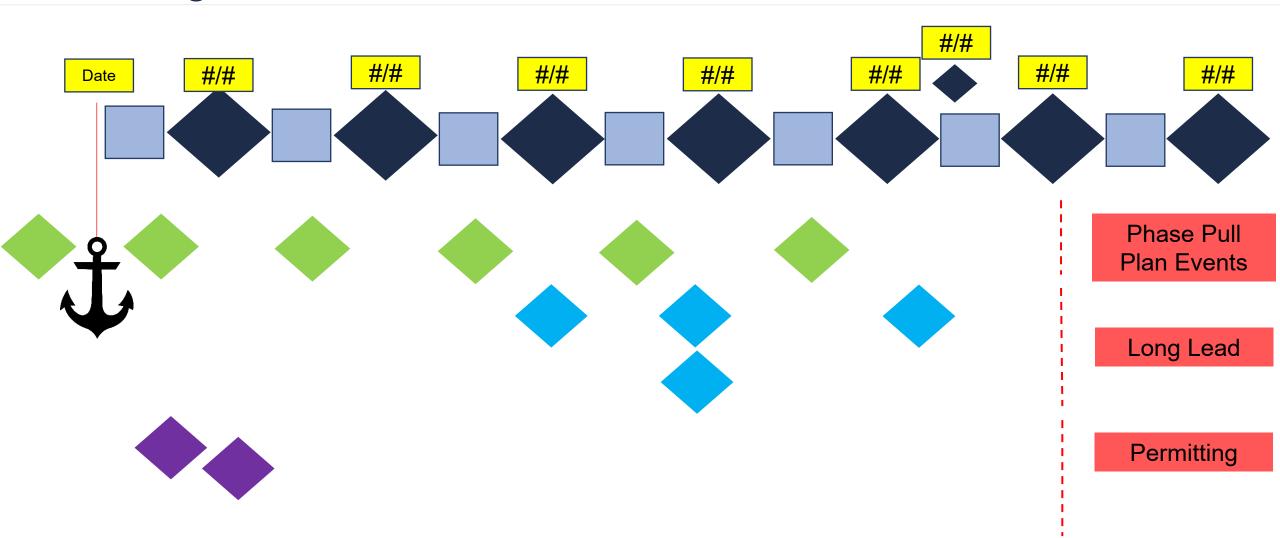


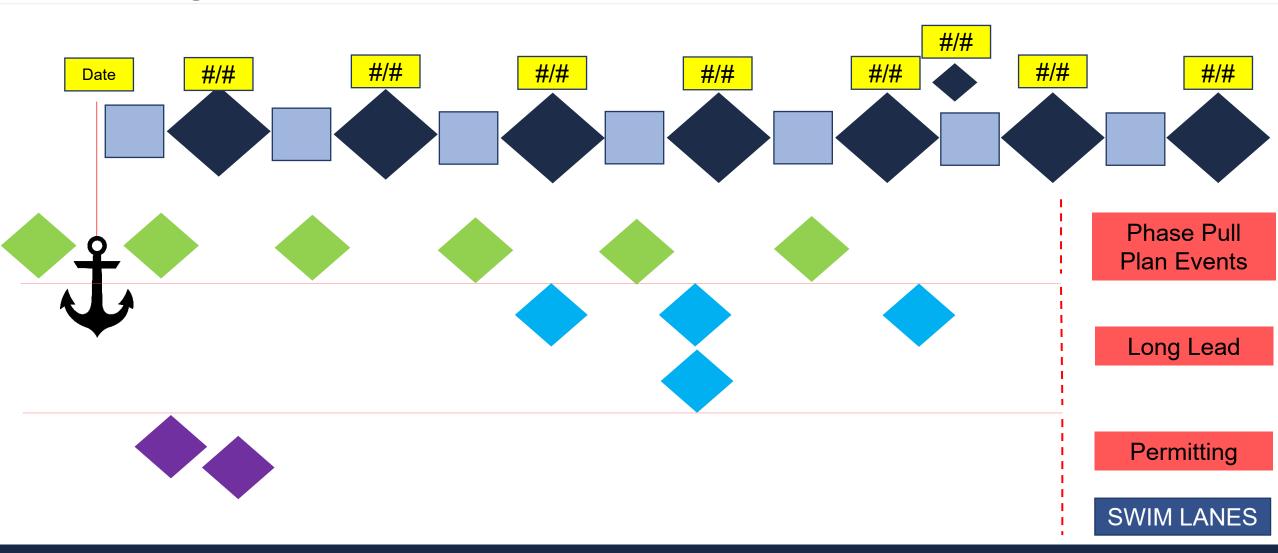


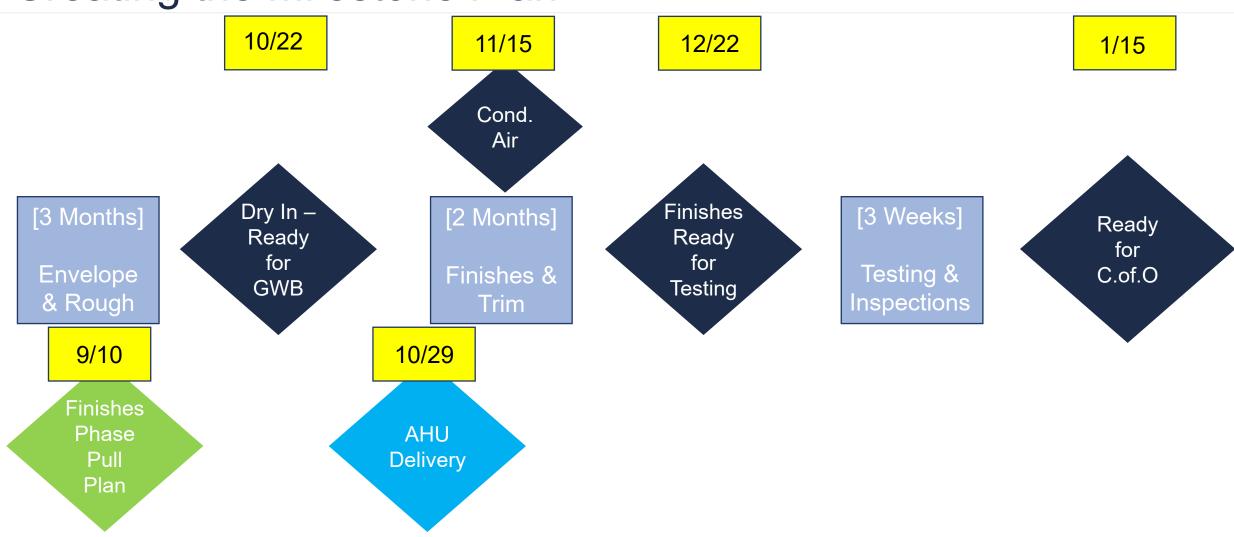




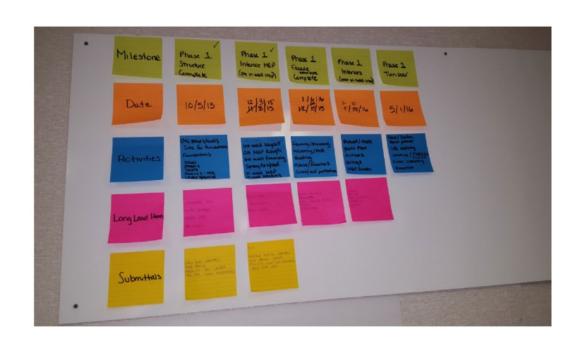


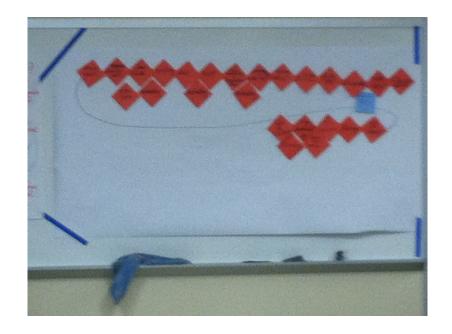






More than one way to format





Activity: Tiny Home Project Milestone Plan

Activity Description:

- Use blank paper, post-its and sharpies
- Start with final milestone
- Create construction milestone structure and flow
- Estimate phase durations
- Arrive at the beginning: 1
 Week from 'Permit in Hand'
- Populate Dates Forward

20 Minutes







Phase Pull Planning

The second conversation of LPS is Phase Pull Planning.

Phase Pull Planning

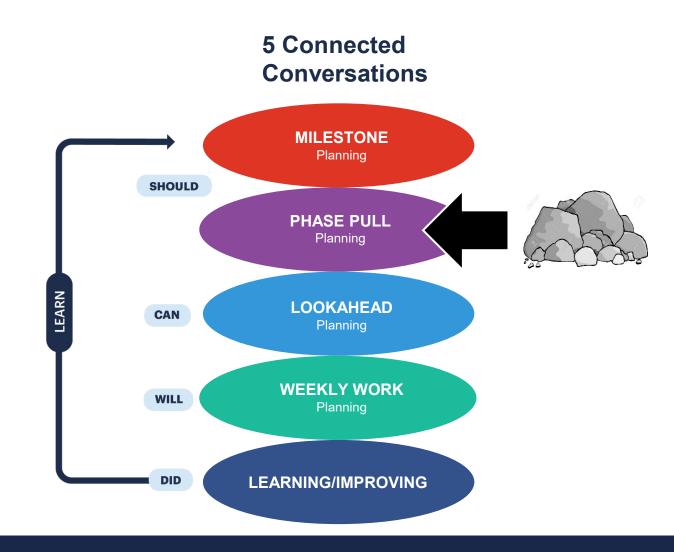


The goal of Phase Pull Planning is for the team to determine the key *handoffs* of work or information needed to deliver a milestone.

This continues the we "should" be able to do conversation.

Pull may validate or change the sequence in Milestone Planning output.

Milestone planning is a pre-requisite.



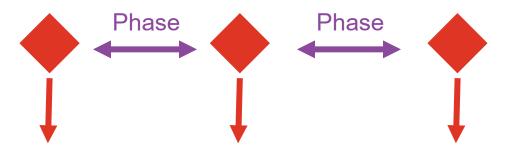


Phase Definition

Phase:

A period of the project, where a specific group of activities is scheduled to be accomplished.

A phase can be either a time period or a group of activities leading to the accomplishment of a defined goal/milestone.





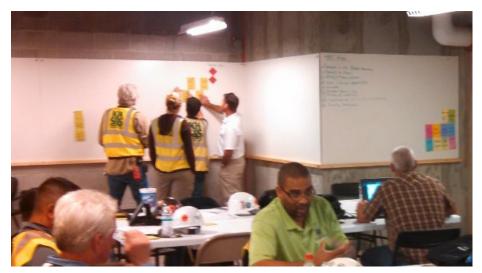
Courtesy of: Brasfield & Gorrie



Phase Pull Planning







Courtesy of: PCL Construction

Phase of the work scaled per the milestone size to be an appropriate batch size

Informed by the Milestone Plan

Work out the structure and durations

After – add dates and transfer to the *Look Ahead Plan*

Push vs. Pull

Push:

- Advancing work based on central schedule.
- Releasing materials, information, or directives possibly according to a plan, but irrespective of whether the downstream process is ready to process them.

Pull:

- Advancing work when the next in line customer is ready.
- A "Request" from the customer signals that the work is needed and is "pulled" from the performer.



66

Pull: Creating Flow



Develop the Plan

Promise/ Promise/ Promise/ Promise/ Promise/ Promise/ Request Request Request Request Request Request Promise/ Promise/ Promise/ Request Request Request Promise/ Request **Execute the Work**

67

Phase Pull Planning: "Should"

Phase Pull is performed to plan the work for each milestone.

 Examples: Structure Ready for Skin, Dry-In Ready for Gypsum Board

The Phase Pull Plan is a high-level view of what the team "should" be able to do, breaking into ...

Avoid *excessive detail* to minimize planning rework.



Courtesy of: JE Dunn

Phase Pull Planning: WHY Collaborate

- Tap into the knowhow of the people that will do the work.
- Ensure the Last Planners can achieve the original promise date of the milestone.
- Better understand each others' needs between handoffs.
- Align to a plan as a team 'our plan' vs 'their plan'.
- When work is made to flow, everyone benefits.



Courtesy of: PCL Construction

Phase Pull Planning: Preparation

Identify Milestone and 'Conditions of Satisfaction'

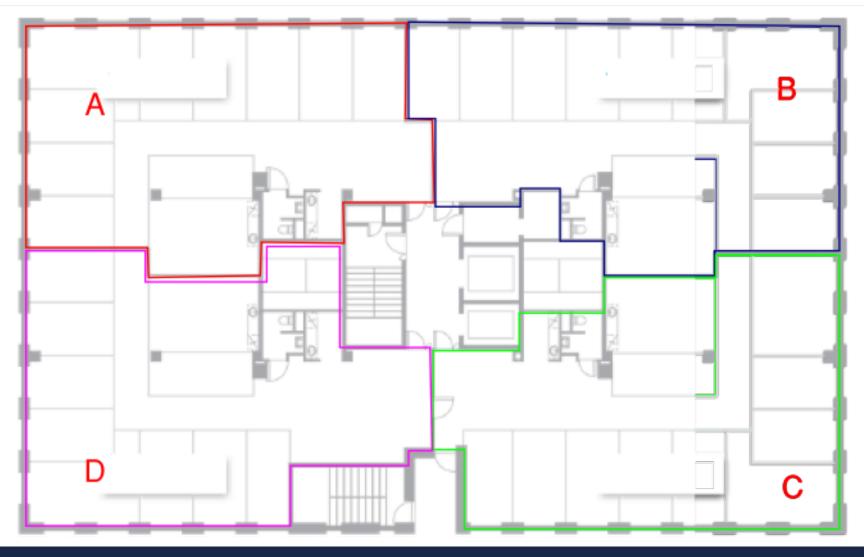
- Identify Milestone the team will pull from.
- Determine work areas and batch sizes.
- Phases should be no more than a 2-3 month batch size.
- Break longer duration phases into interim milestones.
- "Conditions of Satisfaction" (CoS): Create a definition of Done for the Milestone.
- Align on the flow of work direction for all trades.



Example: Work Area/Batch Plan



Example: Work Area/Batch Plan



Example: Work Area/Batch Plan



Phase Pull Planning: HOW



Last Planners Create Tags

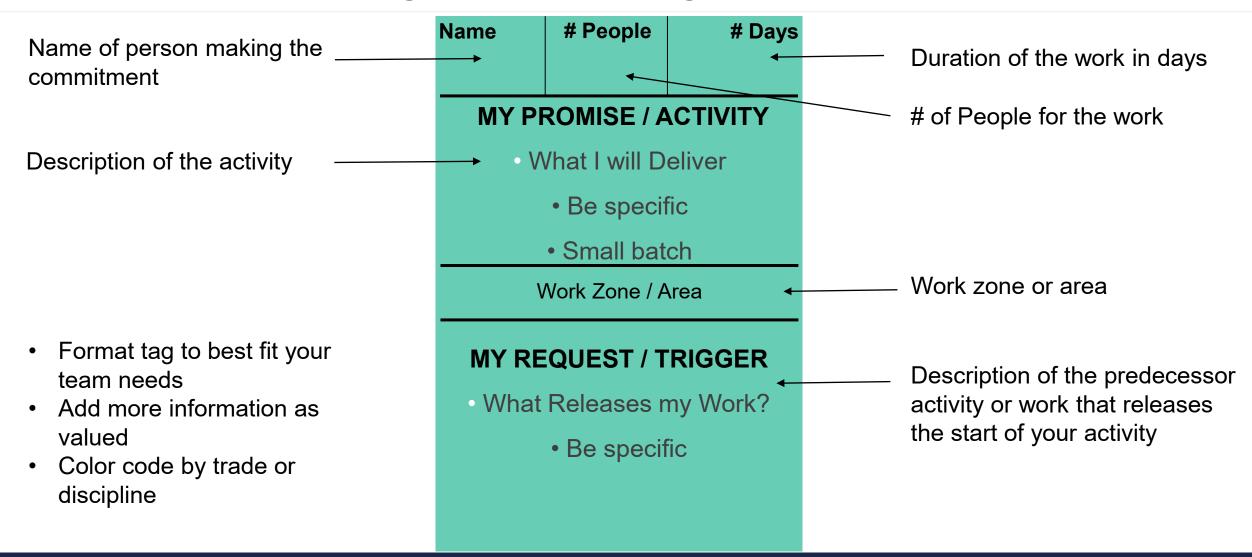
- Create a legend of color tags by trade.
- Include location/area to create flow of work.
- Breakdown duration estimates by area.
- Break up the work that is longer than ~5-10 days.
- Understand what you need from other trades to release your work.



Courtesy of: The ReAlignment Group

Phase Pull Planning: Example Tag

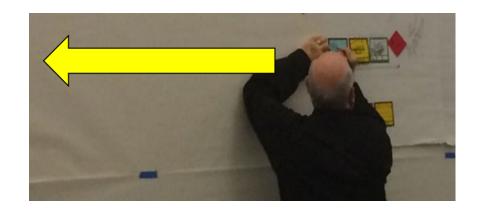




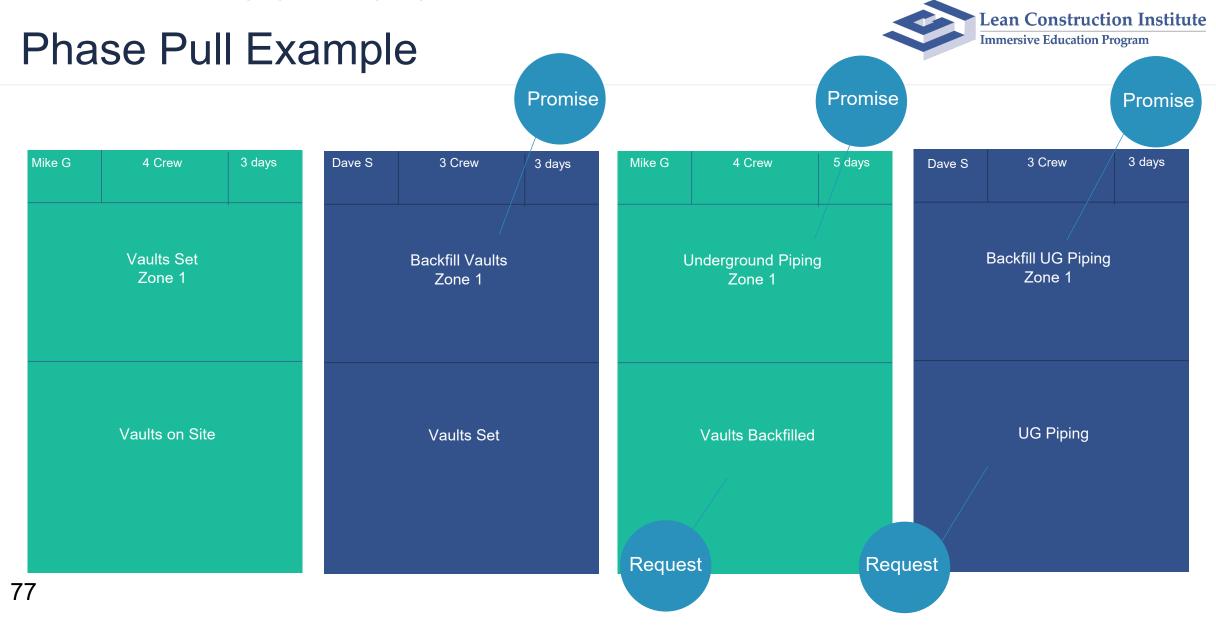
Phase Pull Planning: HOW

Create the Pull:

- Place the Milestone tag at the right end of the paper.
- Work backwards from the phase completion milestone.
- Begin with the last activity needed to complete the milestone and work backwards.
- Last Planners placing pull tags with 'Requests' must ask the other trade to meet the need by placing the corresponding tag.
- Gradually the team builds a network of commitments that satisfy each step in the process.







Phase Pull Planning: HOW – "Should"



Step1: Define "Done" – the CoS for completion



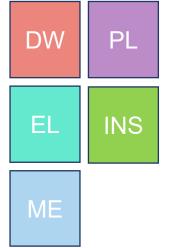
DEFINITION OF DONE

- · Floor Leveling
- · Layout
- Priority Wall Framing
- Overhead M/E/P
- · In-Wall ESP
- · Blocking
- · Low Voltage Pathways
- Plumbing Tests
- Insulation
- •

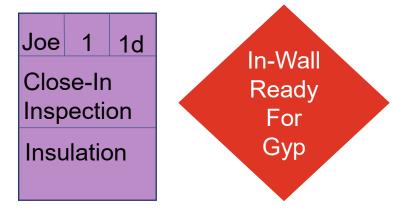
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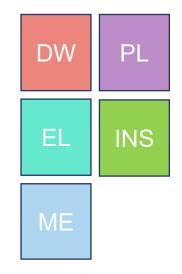




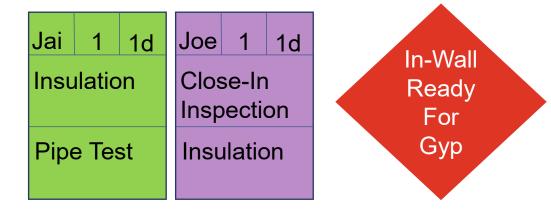


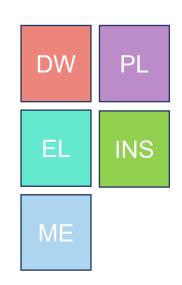




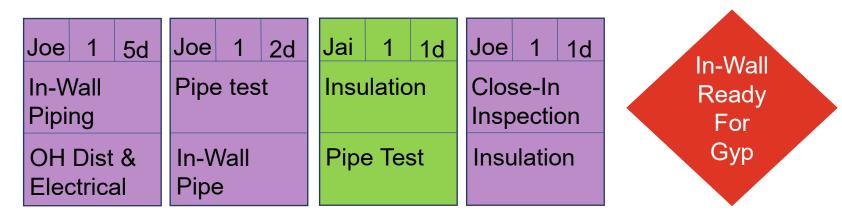


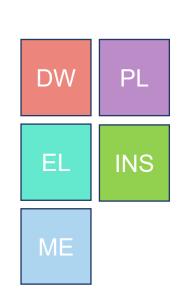




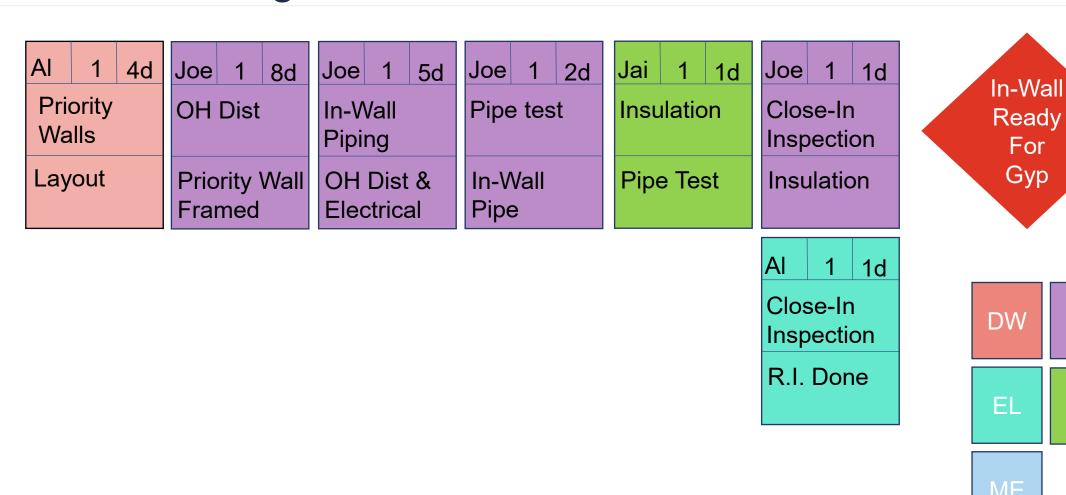










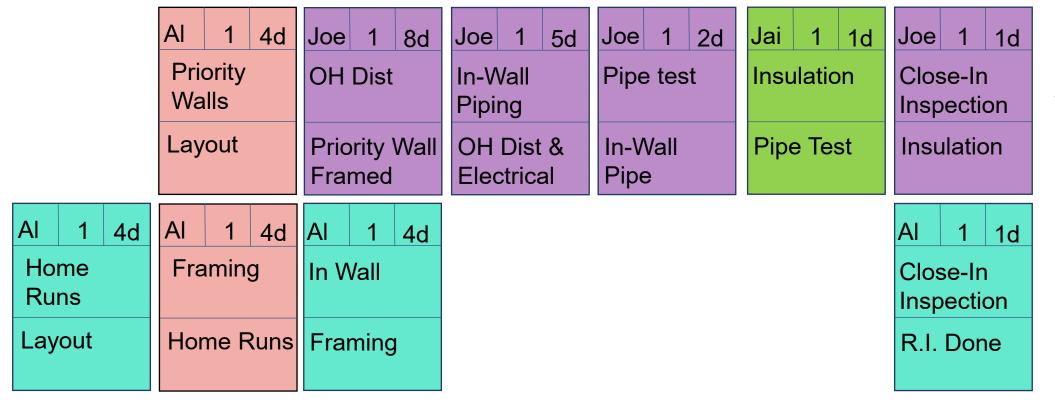


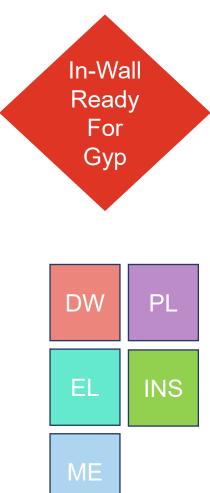
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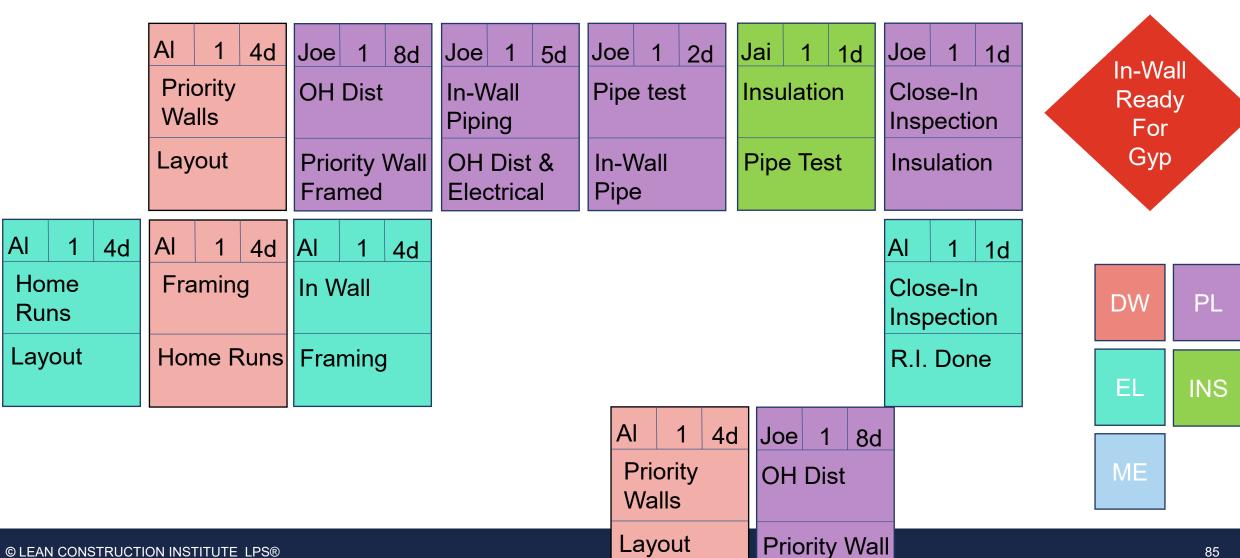
Phase Pull Planning: HOW – "Should"





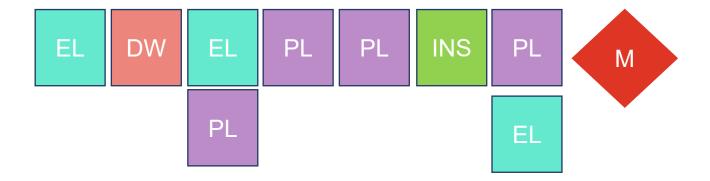
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Phase Pull Planning: HOW – "Should"

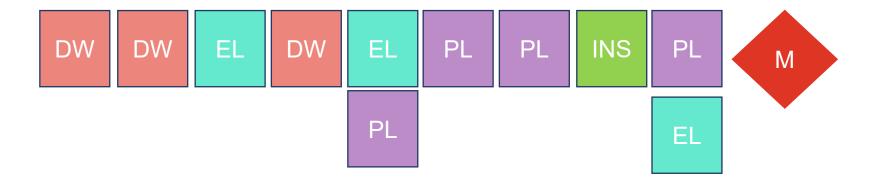


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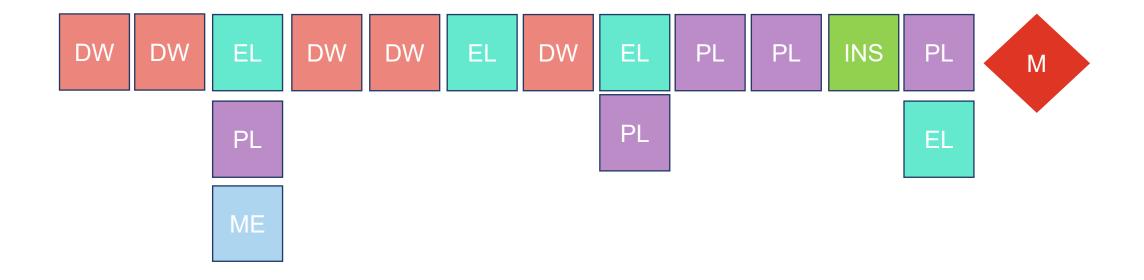




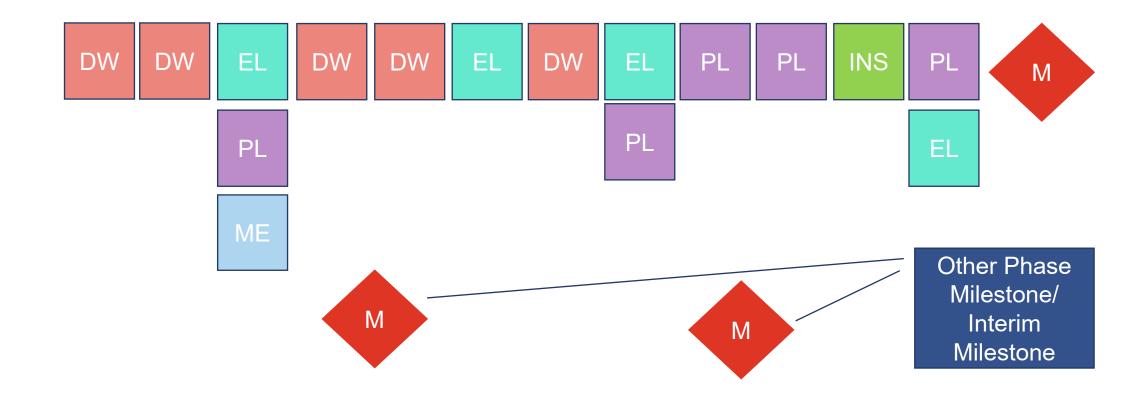




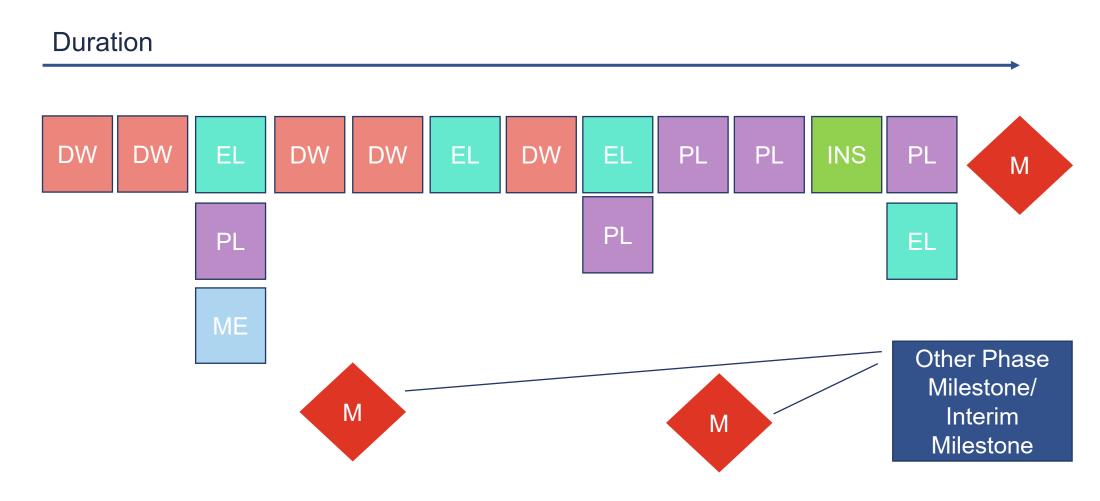














Phase Pull Planning: HOW Wrap-up

Forward Pass Check:

- When most of the tasks are on the board, do a *forward pass* through the network.
- The group actively listens/talks through the sequence.
- Make sure all the needed information is on the tags.

Validate Phase Duration:

- Count days on the longest path(s).
- If the duration exceeds requirement, the Phase Pull Plan is incomplete.

Record the Plan (options):

- Photograph the results and share with the team.
- Update to P6/Master Schedule.
- Implement digital LPS tools.
- Keep a living Phase Pull Plan in the planning area.



Phase Pull Planning: HOW Wrap-up

Step 1 - Identify milestones and define "conditions of satisfaction"

Step 2 - Last planners break down their work in to tasks

Step 3 - Pull from the milestone backwards to build a network of commitments

Step 4 - Forward pass, check and adjust

Step 5 - Optimize the whole

Step 6 - Record the plan



Lean Construction Institute Immersive Education Program

Activity: Tiny Home Phase Pull Plan

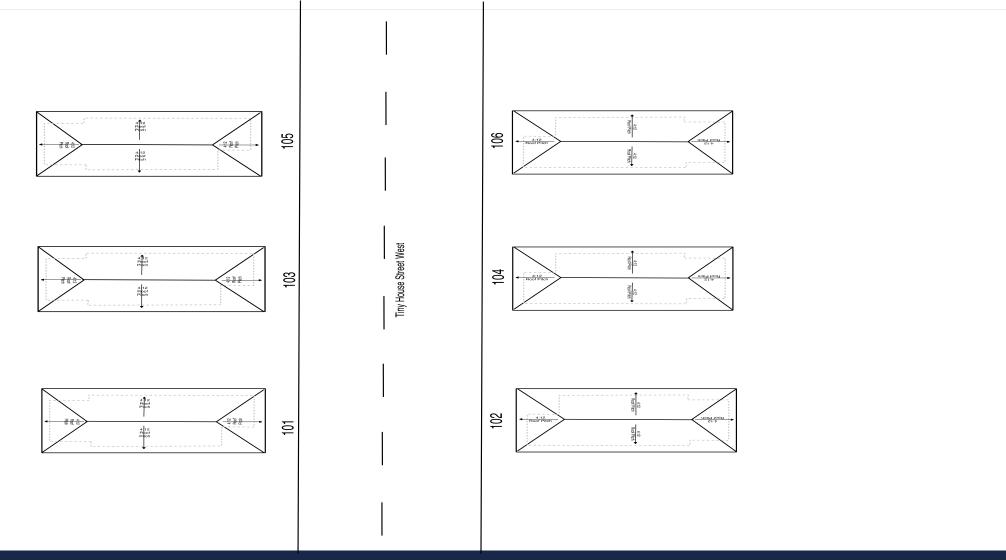
- Preparation 15 Min
 - Select Milestone
 - Define CoS
 - Create Area/Batch & Flow Plan
- Trade Preparation 10 Min
 - Activities & Duration Estimates
- Create Phase Pull Plan 20 Min
 - Pull Activities
 - Validate Plan

45 Minutes



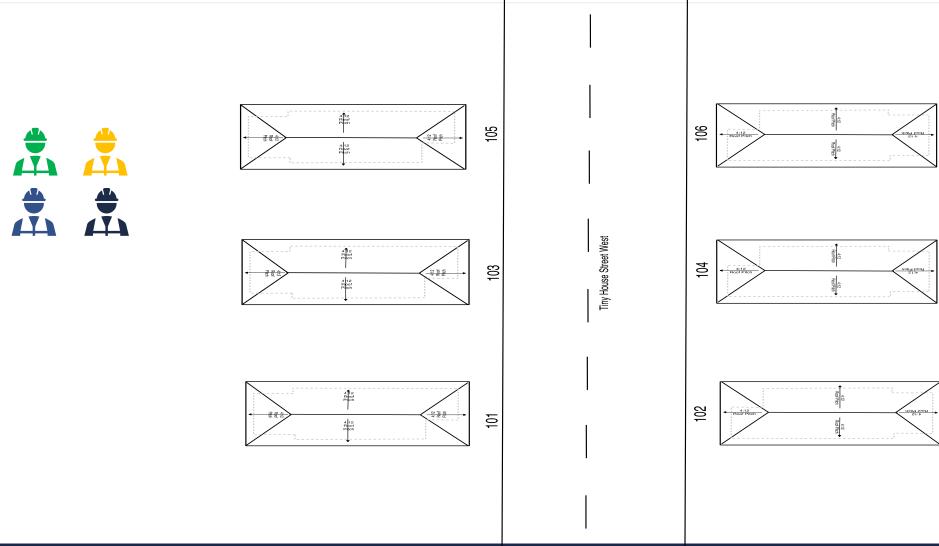
Tiny Home Batch & Flow





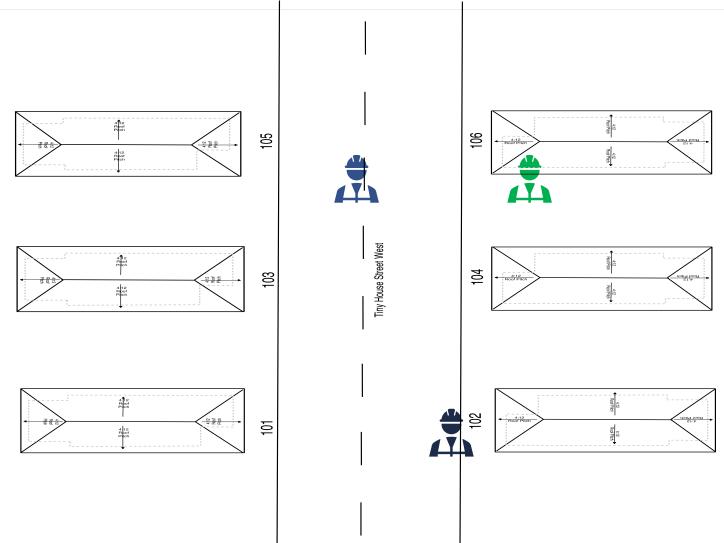
Lean Construction Institute Immersive Education Program

Why Batch Size Matters





Why Batch Size Matters



Lean Construction Institute Immersive Education Program

Activity: Tiny Home Phase Pull Plan

- Preparation 15 Min
 - Select Milestone
 - Define CoS
 - Create Area/Batch & Flow Plan
- Trade Preparation 10 Min
 - Activities & Duration Estimates
- Create Phase Pull Plan 20 Min
 - Pull Activities
 - Validate Plan

45 Minutes





Weekly Planning Meetings

Weekly planning activities and tools that encompass the remaining conversations of LPS – Can, Will, Did and Learning.

Weekly Planning Conversations



- Look Ahead Planning
- Weekly Work Planning
- Learning & Improving
- Celebrating Wins
- Building Trust



Courtesy of: JE Dunn

Lookahead Planning

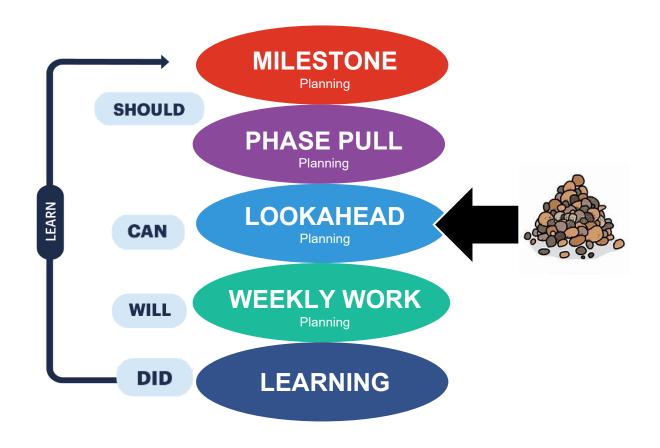


The third conversation of LPS is Lookahead Planning. (LAP)

This level focuses on making work ready or assuring that the work that should be done, can be done by identifying and removing constraints in advance of need.

The conversation is we "can" do this.

5 Connected Conversations





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| Project: Project No.: Responsible Person: | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Constraint Number | Activity Number | Constraint Description | RFI No. | Responsible Person | Responsible Company | Date Identified | Date Need Resolution | Date Resolution Promised | Actual Date Resolved |
| | | Cons | str | aint | Lo | 9 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

- Transferred from the *Phase Pull Plan* to a plan with dates/weeks.
- Boards, P6 or other software documentation.
- Rolling (6-10 weeks) LookAhead to "make work ready".
- Supports Team Meeting Discussion/Action for:
 - Risk Log
 - Constraint Log
 - Informs the Weekly Work Plan

Constraint Log Example



| | | 1. acasta (5) | 1 | | 150 | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Project: Project No.: Responsible | | | | | | | | | |
| Constraint Number | Activity Number | Constraint Description | RFI No. | Responsible Person | Responsible Company | Date Identified | Date Need Resolution | Date Resolution Promised | Actual Date Resolved |
| | | | | | | / | | | |
| | | | | | | | | DAT Prom | The state of the s |
| | | | | | | | | Phulvi | 9ED |
| | | | Train and the state of the stat | | | | | | |
| NSTR SCRIP | | RESPONSIBLE PERSON & CO | | DAT IDENTI | the Company of the Co | 10000000 | DATE EEDED | R | DATE ESOLVE |

Lean Construction Institute Immersive Education Program

Constraint Defined

Constraint:

An item or requirement that will prevent an activity from starting, advancing or completing as planned.





Weekly Planning Meeting: Round 1 Agenda

- Review Plus/ Delta
- General announcements
- Look Ahead Plan Update
 - Rotate and add new activities
 - Update existing constraints
 - Identify new constraints
- Last Week's PPC/ Variances
- Weekly Work Plan created/negotiated for next week
- Round Robin to address any new issues not covered
- Plus/Delta





Lean Construction Institute Immersive Education Program

Activity: Tiny Home Look Ahead Plan

- Create Look Ahead Boards
 - Swim lanes by area
 - Follow color legend
 - 3-4 Weeks of activities
 - More detailed than Phase Pull Plan
- Setup Constraint Log





Activity: Tiny Home Constraint Log Update

- Review Look Ahead Plan
 - Activity Starts Make Ready
 - Set a date out 6 weeks
- Identify Constraints
 - For each activity start, deal a 'Constraint Card'
 - Record any constraints on the log
 - Correlate to look ahead plan with dots



Report out



How did it go?

Any aha moments?

Weekly Work Planning

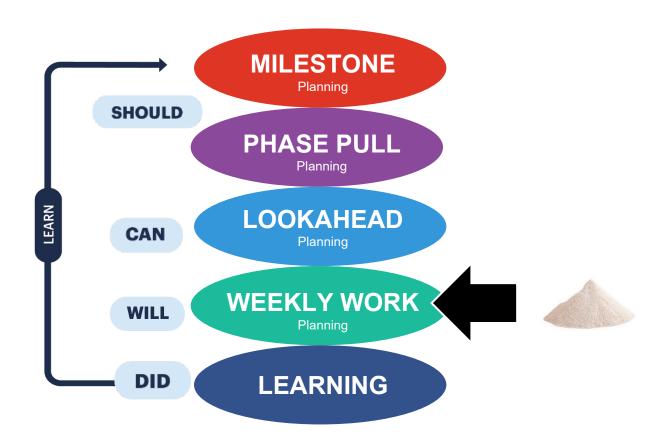


The fourth conversation of LPS is Weekly Work Planning. (WWP)

The goal of this level is for the Last Planners to establish the plan for the upcoming week at the daily level.

The conversation is I "will" do this.

5 Connected Conversations



Weekly Work Planning

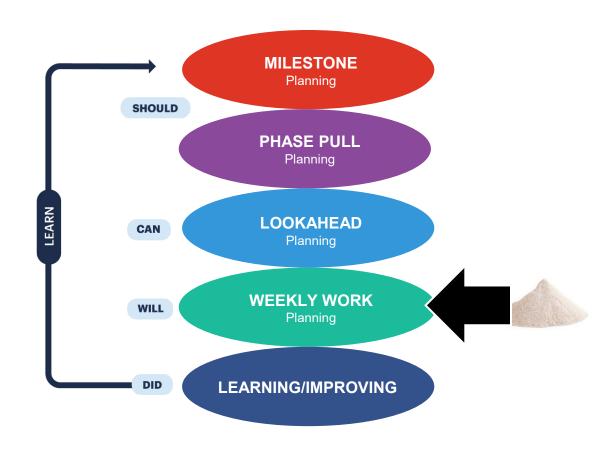


This is the level that the team identifies the *promised task completions* agreed upon by the *Performers* for the upcoming week.

The WWP is used to determine the success of the planning effort and to determine what factors limit performance. And is the basis of measuring PPC (Percent Plan Complete).

This is done during a Check-in Session or Huddle.

5 Connected Conversations



5 Prerequisite Work 9 Submittals

11 Equipment

Start Date 05-Oct-09

6 Labor

7 Materials

Design

4 Weather
ASSIGNMENT DESCRIPTION

Column Grid A1 - G8

Column Grid G9 - J 12 Kitchen servery

Workable Backlog (My "Plan B": What work can I do without affectin

3 Owner Decision

13 Space

14 Site Conditions

ACTIVITIES COMPLETED 5

IOR not available

Walls not inspected

PERCENT PLAI



BIS NON THE WED THE FRI SAT SAN WEEKLY WORK PLAN

Weekly Work Planning

- Informed by the Look Ahead Plan
- Detail work by trade at the Daily Level
- Detailing of the next week
- Informs the Daily Huddle
- Take to the field

112

Contractor:

Last Planner:

Joes Framing
Top Track Install

Framing Walls

Backing Install

Joes Framing

7055 Top Track Instal

Framing Walls

Sparky's Electrical Rough in Walls

Plumbing - in wall rough in - Install

Plumbing - ceiling rough in - Install

ther trades if above plan breaks down?)

Weekly Work Planning



Weekly Work Plan *Informs* the Daily Huddle



Courtesy of: PCL Construction

Courtesy of: Turner/DPR JV

113

Weekly Work Planning Example



"What, Where, Who & When"

| | WEEKLY WORK PLAN | | | | | | | | | | | | | Work Beginning: | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------|----------|-------|---------|-----|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|----------|--|
| | | | | | | TEGORIES OF PLAN FAILURE | | | | | | | | | TOTAL ACTIVITIES 31 | | | |
| Contractor: 1 Coordination 5 Prerequisite | | | | | | | | ace | | | | ACTIVITIES COMPLETED | | | | | | |
| | Shift: 2 Eng/Design 6 Labor | | | | | | | | e Con | ditions | 5 | | PERCENT PLANNED 0% | | | | | |
| Last Plai | ast Planner: 3 Owner Decision 7 Materials 4 Weather 8 Contracts/C0 | | | | | | | 15 16 | | | | | | COMPL | ETE | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | > | |
| Activity | Commitment Description | | | | Responsible Person | Start | Date | 1\ | 28 | DO | | | | NE? | LI | ARNING | Category | |
| ID | Safe - Defined - Sound - Proper Sequence - Right Size - Able to Learn | | | | | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | Sat | Sun | YES NO | | REASONS | FOR PLAN FAILURE | Ē | |
| 1 | Pour new moat floor on the south side of the building | | в.а.м | 4 | 4 | | | | | | | | I | | | | | |
| 2 Adjust (4) down spouts on the south side of the building | | | | в.а.м | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | | | _ | _ \ | What 8 | Where? | 1 | | |
| 3 Patch masonry around 6 conducter boxes on the roof | | | | в.а.м | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | _ | vviiat o | | | | |
| 4 | Insta | ıll base on 2nd floor iı | n the south side cla | ass rooms | в.а.м | | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | ı | nstall wainscoting on | the first floor nort | h side | в.а.м | | 4 | 3 | 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 8 Pull wire for Chiller | | | | Ryan | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Security rough-in on all floors | | | | Ryan | | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | _ | | | | Crew Size? | | | |
| 10 | Baseme | ent rough-in complete | | | Ryan | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | | | - Crew | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 Hang and finish all rated chases | | | | Fred | | | 3 | 3 | | | | | Who? | | | | | |
| 13 Reframe and hang dry wall in hallway 121 | | | Fred | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Sand di | ry wall in hallway 139 | | | Fred | 2 | 2 | | | | | | 771101 | | | | | |
| 15 | Finish c | dry wall in west class ro | oom 107,144 | | Fred | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | Troy | 5 | | | | | | | \A | / | | 4 6 6 6 6 | -2 | | |
| 19 | Get fresh air duct inspected in attic | | | Troy | | | | 6 | | | | V۱ | When will it be done | | | | | |
| 20 | Get north west chase duct inspected | | | Troy | | | | 6 | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 21 | Insulate north west chase duct | | | Troy | | | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Tie in vav boxes in the attic | | | Troy | 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | 23 Start tying in vav boxes in the east wing 1st and 2nd floors | | | | Troy | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | | | | | | | |



Weekly Planning Meeting: Round 1 Agenda





General announcements



- Look Ahead Plan Update
 - Rotate and add new activities
 - Update existing constraints
 - Identify new constraints
- Last Week's PPC/ Variances



Weekly Work Plan created/negotiated for next week



Round Robin to address any new issues not covered



Plus/Delta

Weekly Work Planning: Preparation

Questions to ask when preparing for the WWP:

- Will I have the appropriate amount of staff on site to perform the work?
- Do I have the material needed?
- Is it the right sequence?
- Is it safe?
- Are there any open constraints that need to be resolved?
- Do the tasks tie directly to look ahead plan? If no, ask why?



Activity: Tiny Home Weekly Work Plan Week 1

- Setup Weekly Work Plan Template
- Pick 1 week from Look Ahead Plan
- Detail weekly planning activities on WWP
- Ensure no constrained activities
- Check for missing activities
- Round Robin
- +/Delta



30 Minutes



Learning While Doing

Executing the weekly work plan, daily huddles, variances and tracking plan reliability.

Learning/Improving

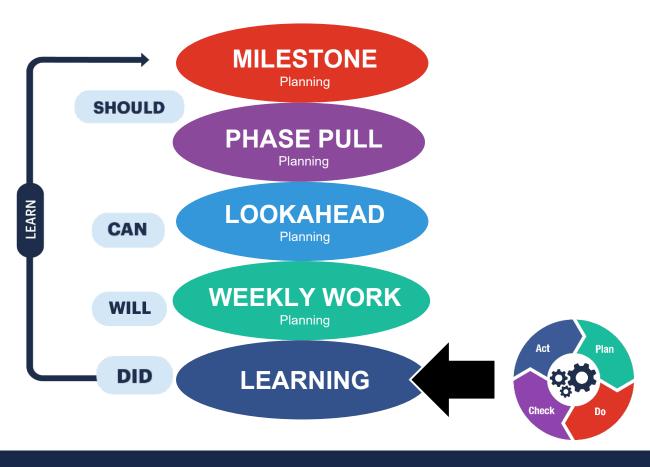


The fifth conversation is Learning/Improving.

The goal is for the team to *learn* from the cycle and take *actions for improving* going forward fulfilling PDCA.

The conversation is what we "Did" and "Learned".

5 Connected Conversations



Daily Huddle



- 1. What *did* I complete?
- 2. What will I complete?
- 3. What needs to be re-planned?
- 4. How can we *improve* future planning?



Photo Courtesy of: KHS&S

Daily Huddle: How

- Superintendents/Foremen huddle every day
- Status Weekly Work Plan Daily
- Held in front of Weekly Work Plan Boards
 - Or with Weekly Work Plan in hand
- Be respectful time
 - 10-15 minutes
- Each Superintendent/Foreman report out their work



Daily Huddle







Photos Courtesy of: Brasfield & Gorrie

Learning From Daily Huddles



The *Percent Plan Complete* (PPC) is calculated for the period or week.

PPC is the basic measure of how well the planning system is working



Photo Courtesy of: DPR Construction

Calculating PPC



As Planned

Completed Activities
Planned Activities

 $=\frac{16}{20}=80\%$

Percent Plan Complete (Plan Percent Complete)



OVERALL PLAN PERCENT COMPLETE

PROJECT AREA

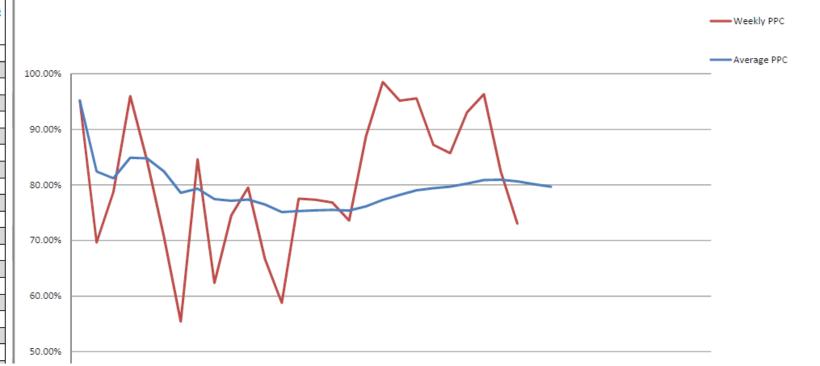
THEATERS

Current Overall PPC = 79

79.67%

As of: 6/1/2014

| Week# | Week Ending | Number of Tasks | Number Completed | PPC | Average | Tasks Not Done |
|-------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|
| 1 | 11/17/2013 | 21 | 20 | 95.24% | 95.24% | 1 |
| 2 | 11/24/2013 | 79 | 55 | 69.62% | 82.43% | 24 |
| 3 | 12/1/2013 | 47 | 37 | 78.72% | 81.19% | 10 |
| 4 | 12/8/2013 | 50 | 48 | 96.00% | 84.90% | 2 |
| 5 | 12/15/2013 | 83 | 70 | 84.34% | 84.78% | 13 |
| 6 | 12/22/2013 | 99 | 70 | 70.71% | 82.44% | 29 |
| 7 | 12/29/2013 | 65 | 36 | 55.38% | 78.57% | 29 |
| 8 | 1/5/2014 | 52 | 44 | 84.62% | 79.33% | 8 |
| 9 | 1/12/2014 | 85 | 53 | 62.35% | 77.44% | 32 |
| 10 | 1/19/2014 | 98 | 73 | 74.49% | 77.15% | 25 |
| 11 | 1/26/2014 | 83 | 66 | 79.52% | 77.36% | 17 |
| 12 | 2/2/2014 | 66 | 44 | 66.67% | 76.47% | 22 |
| 13 | 2/9/2014 | 97 | 57 | 58.76% | 75.11% | 40 |
| 14 | 2/16/2014 | 89 | 69 | 77.53% | 75.28% | 20 |
| 15 | 2/23/2014 | 97 | 75 | 77.32% | 75.42% | 22 |
| 16 | 3/2/2014 | 82 | 63 | 76.83% | 75.51% | 19 |
| 17 | 3/9/2014 | 106 | 78 | 73.58% | 75.39% | 28 |
| 18 | 3/16/2014 | 80 | 71 | 88.75% | 76.13% | 9 |
| 19 | 3/23/2014 | 67 | 66 | 98.51% | 77.31% | 1 |



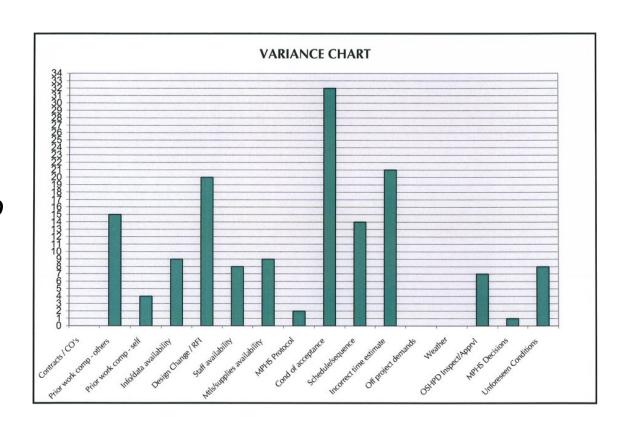
Reasons For Variance

- Factors that prevented a task from being completed as promised.
- Used by the team to promote learning concerning the failure of the planning system to produce a predictable workflow.
- Assigned a category of variance.
- Enable a team to identify those areas of recurring failure that require additional reflection and analysis.

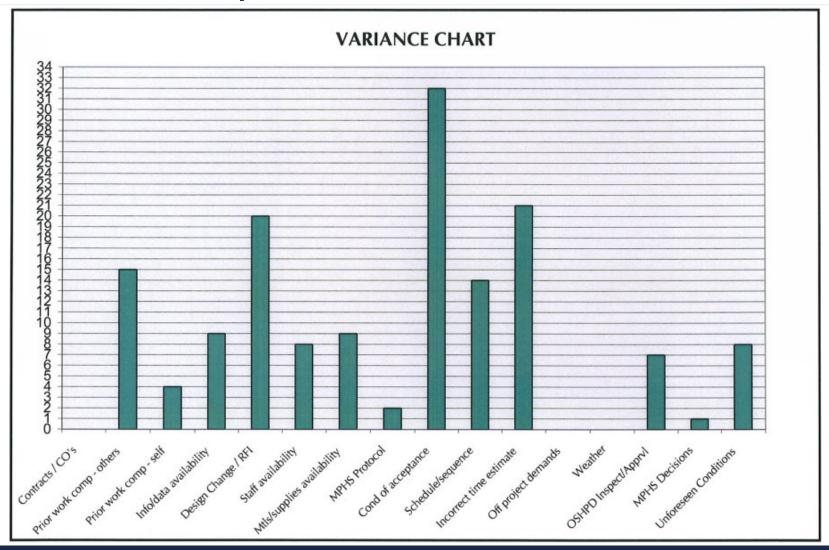


Taking Action For Variance

When a variance or failure occurs, the team must discuss the likelihood of it occurring again and determine actions to mitigate such.



Variance Chart Example





Activity: Tiny Home - Work the Plan

- Perform 1 week of Daily Huddles to process your WWP
- For each day, trades with activities draw 'variance' cards
- For activities completed as planned, record 'Yes'
- For impacted activities, record 'No' and reason for the variance
- Are there things we can do today adjust for variances that may reoccur tomorrow?

15 Minutes



Weekly Planning Meeting 2 (and subsequent) Lean Construction Institute Immersive Education Program

- Review Plus/ Delta
- General announcements
- Last Weeks PPC/ Variances
- Current WWP Check-in
- Look Ahead Plan Update
 - Rotate and add new activities
 - Update existing constraints
 - Identify new constraints
- Weekly Work Plan created/negotiated for next week
- Round Robin to address any new issues not covered
- Plus/Delta



Successful Weekly Planning Meetings

- Consistency is key
 - Start on time/ end on time.
 - Assign a timekeeper.
 - Everyone in the room that needs to be there.
 - Same expectations for everyone.
- Everyone's voice is heard.
- Last Planners talk more than the facilitator.
- LAP distributed weekly, up to date, and aligns with master schedule and WWP.
- Use Parking lot.



Activity: Tiny Home - Weekly Work Plan Week 2

Follow Agenda for Weekly Planning Meeting

- Update Variance/PPC Chart
- Discuss weekly work plan variances and PPC – what can we change to improve?
- Observe team dynamic who is disengaged?
- Have fun!
- Take photos of your planning wall you're done!

10 Minutes



Weekly Meeting 2 Agenda

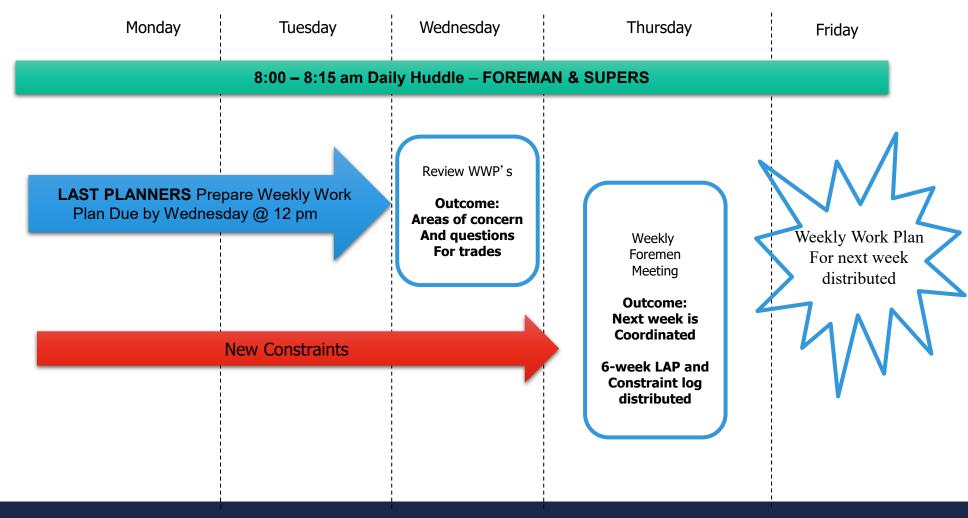
- Review Plus/ Delta
- General announcements
- Last Weeks PPC/ Variances
- Current WWP Check-in
- Look Ahead Plan Update
 - Rotate and add new activities
 - Update existing constraints
 - Identify new constraints
- Weekly Work Plan created/negotiated for next week
- Round Robin to address any new issues not covered
- ✓ Plus/Delta



Wrap Up – Report Out & Questions from Activities?



Weekly Planning Cycle



Benefits of LPS



- 1. Improves communication & reliability.
- 2. Fosters an enjoyable environment, trust, and collaboration.
- 3. Promotes early stakeholder engagement.
- 4. Improves visibility of the project plan (transparency).
- 5. Creates team buy in.
- 6. Rapid learning through metrics, revealing areas for improvement.
- 7. Improves planning in both design & construction phases.



Remember.....

- Your forms and other artifacts may look different from what we showed you today. Or even different from project to project.
- That is not a problem as long as you are staying true to the foundational principles of LPS – the right people having the right conversations in order to make and keep reliable commitments.
- Likewise the forms and artifacts don't make the system work. It's the conversations coupled with continuous improvements that make the system work.

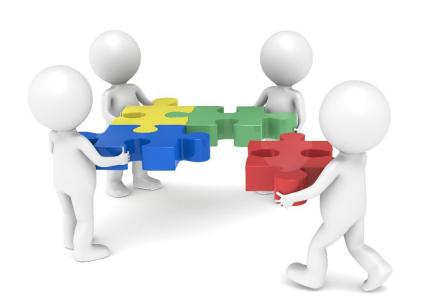


Table Activity: Each Table Assigned 1



- 1. How would a trade partner use LPS, even if the GC does not?
- 2. What should you do when the plan fails in a big way?
- 3. What can you do to help create "aha" moments to get others on board?
- 4. How might you scale the system for a small project? A large project?
- 5. What would you expect to see, feel and hear on a high performing project?

Timing dependent?



Table Activity: Revisit Flip Chart



Revisit Flip Chart from the question in the morning:

"What have you seen or do you think different roles struggle with regarding LPS?

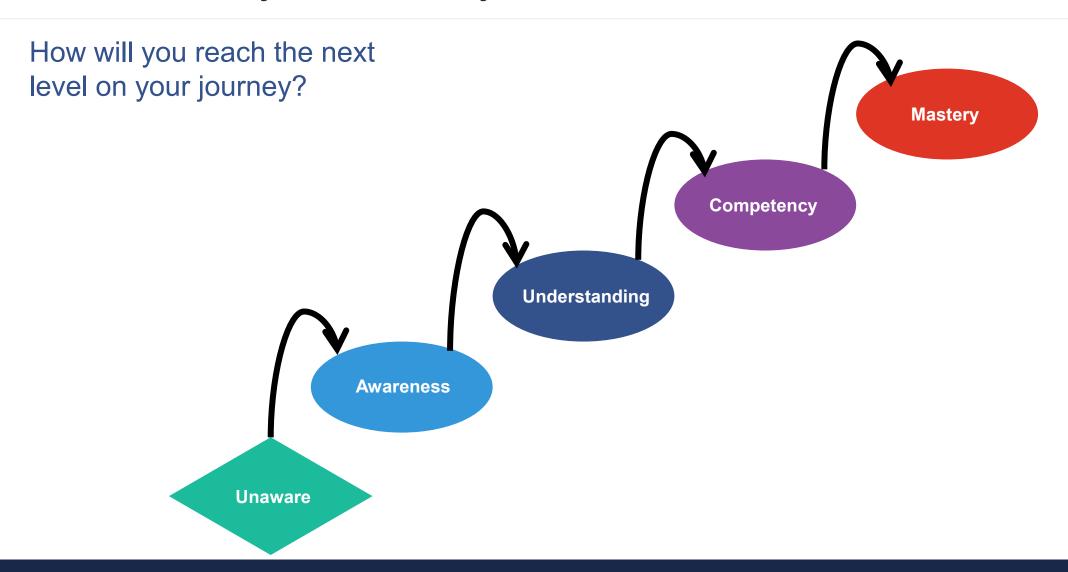
 Capture answers on flip chart (trade foreman, GC sup., GC PM staff, etc.) so you can connect back to throughout the day"

Discuss roles to ensure the group has empathy and knows how to help others.



Lean Journey to Mastery

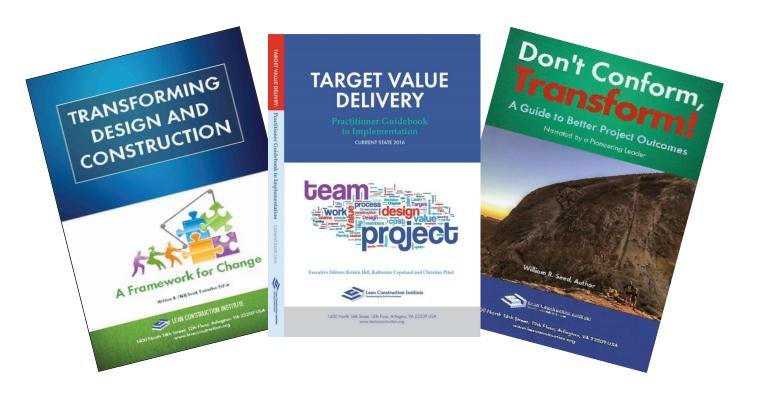




More on Learning



Books:



Events:

- Local Community of Practice
- Congress (October)
- Design Forum (May)

eLearning:

Learn on your own time without taking time off project work.

Start learning now:

www.LeanConstruction.org

eLearning Courses

Lean Construction Institute
Immersive Education Program

LESSON 3:

INTRODUCTION TO LEAN PROJECT DELIVERY

The key achievable goal of this course is to prepare and enable team members with a foundational understanding of Lean approaches for daily use within a project environment.

> CONNECTING PRINCIPLES

> > LESSON 2: LPD in Actio LESSON 3:

- Introduction to the Last Planner System®
- Introduction to Lean Project Delivery
- Lean in the Design Phase
- Effective Big Room
- Target Value Delivery
- Last Planner System® in Design



Introduction to the Last Planner® System

Please enter your first name below then click the button to begin.

Type your text here

BEGIN

WELCOME

This course will allow you to gain in-depth insight to the practical application of the Last Planner® System (LPS) through multimedia, hands-on interactions, diagrams, worksheets, and more. The key achievable goal of this course is to learn how to engage at all five levels of LPS effectively on a day-to-day basis with a team implementing the system.

Questions





Learning Objectives Reviewed





Identify the essential foundational principles of each of the 5 connected conversations of LPS.



Engage in all of the connected conversations of LPS® from Milestone Planning to daily interaction through practical application.



Experience the process of constraint management to improve project workflow.



Gain practical insight to effectively use Percent Plan Complete (PPC) and variance to improve reliable project plan execution.

Conduct Plus/Delta

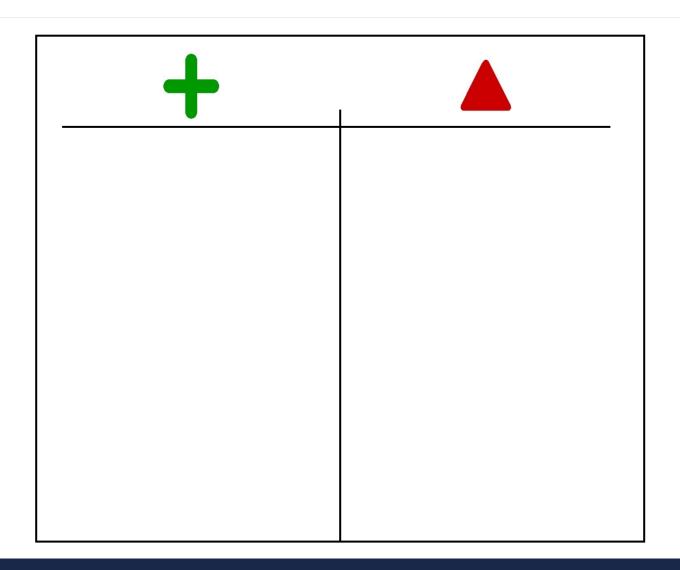




Plus: What produced value during the session?



Delta: What could we change to improve the process or outcome?



Documents & Templates



https://bit.ly/3AUFJ4c

Slides, templates & example documents

